Minttern of Interest in the Camp. - A Regimental Sparring Shew-Chaplaine Make War on Cantsons-The Ambaiance Corps-Recruits Pour Into Camp-Signal Corps Work,

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 23,-- The troops at Ohlekamanga are probably in for another siege of hot weather. The sun blazed flercoly to-day and the mercury was in the nineties, but the woldlers are rapidly becoming acclimated and drilled as if in a bracing atmosphere. The underground magazine for Gen. Grant's division was completed to-day and stored with 300,000 rounds of ammunition

There was a lively time in the Eighth last might with sparring matches. The ring had a great throng around it, and every tree for fifty yards about was full of soldiers nuxlous to see the sport. The sparring and wrestling bouts were conducted with the usual rules. There was no end of sport in the whole show. Following were the participants: Liout, Jacobson, manager; G. F. Orr, stage manager; Joseph Levi, announcer: Lieur. Yacobe, referee:
Lieut. Frost, timer: Trainer of Company
D and Torphy of Company K, three rounds at
150 pounds: Wagner of Company A and Coile of Company D, three rounds, at 130 pounds; Cunningham of Company H and Rice of Company K, three falls at wrestling; Heaney and Bandreman, comedians; Stuber of Company F. pantomine; O'Connor of Company F, champion accordion player of Long Island; Sergeant J. Parker of Company H, bayonet and sword drill; J. McCaffrey, Irish comedian; W. McGower, Company I, vocalist; L. Angel, vocalist; Sergeant Parker, Michael Regan, James Dovan,

and P. W. Weyler, English bayonet exercise.

The pay rolls of the highth went along to New York with those of the Ninth and Fourteenth, and the boys are still without funds. The Eighth has a loyal member, who is a Cuban by birth, in Sergeant J. Tanco, Jr., Quartermaster-Bergeant of the regiment. Havana is his birthplace, and glad he will be to return to his native soil, With the Fourteenth is Louis B. Grant, who served as Vice-Consul to the Hon, Peter Staub of Knoxville, in Switzerland, in 1887-88. He is doing special duty as chief clerk at regimental headquarters. Four officers and twelve men of the Fourteenth are in Brooklyn recruit-

While the Fourteenth was drilling vesterday a thirsty private hit upon the idea of fainting so water was promptly pressed to his lips. He recovered too easily, however, and the matter was reported to headquarters. He was placed under arrest, and may suffer punishment that will outmatch thirst. Company I had roast pig for ness last night. Where the pig came from is another story.

There are many of the military officers from the various regiments whose wives are staying at the hotels in Chattenooga, and there are many more who would come South if a place could be provided for them. The officers are ownegotiating with a man from Atlanta to construct a temporary summer hotel at a convenient distance from Camp Thomas, It is probable that the construction of this hotel will begin in a few days. It will be built of seasoned Moine and will be two stories high. The hotel will contain about fifty rooms, besides the kitchen and sleeping quarters for the cooks, which will be built separate from the main

building. Lieut.-Col. Tillman of the First South Carolina United States Volunteer Infantry left Chickamauga to-day for Washington. His mismion at the capital is probably a secret, but the fact that he is going is significant. The truin of the matter is that South Carolina's blood is up. Her volunteers have not received the treatment they expected when they came. Just before they started to Chickamauga Senator Tillman, who has taken a lively interest in the regiment, said that Adjt.-Gen. Corbin promised that they should be equipped fully immediately on their arrival here, and that they should then report to Gen. Lee at Jacksonville, Fla. This is what they wanted. They have neither uniforms nor guns. Commissary R. H. Wearn says if the boys can have nothing else he will see that they have plenty to eat, so he is giving them all they want, He is or inance officer also, but his duties in that capacity are not very pressing just at present. In view of these facts it is not at all unlikely that Lieut.-Col. Tillman's visit to Washington is to be in the interest of his regiment. Lieur. Col. Tillman is a nephew of the fire-eating Senator and a son of the ex-Congressman, now a candidate for Governor of South Carolina and as such engaged in one of the warmest cam-He is a practicing attorney in Edgedeld, S. C., and is Vice President of the Farmers' Bank of that place, his father-in-law being President. He has with him as body guard a very old darky, who has been in the family for a great many years, and was his father's bodyguard long ago. Col. Tillman has one brother who has been appointed a Licutenunt in the regular army. This brother just graduated at the South Carolina Military Col lege. He has another brother, who is on Major-Gen. Builer's staff. That disposes of all the

members of his family eligible for service. The Chaplains of many of the regiments nov encamped at Chickemauga Park have begun a wery vigorous crusade against the many regimental canteens or saloons. The fight is as yet at its incipiency, but it promises to be waged with unrelenting vigor, and if these Chaplains can obtain the cooperation of the army officers the canteens will soon be a thing of the past, However, a very surprising fact connected with the fight, and one that has created great sensation throughout the camp, that some of the Chaplains are very much opposed to interfering with regimental canteens. This fact was shown on Mon day when the chaplains of the different regiments met and formed "The Chickamauga Chaplains' Association." During the meeting the canteen question was introduced by one of the members, and it was then that a difference of opinion was noted.

The question was discussed in all of its phases and the many evils which result from the sale of beer were brought forward. A resolution introduced by one of the chaplains condemning the canteens and resolving that a petition be presented to Major-Gen. Brooke asking his aid in breaking up the traffic. Five of the chaplains voted to table the resolution, and Chaplain Esterbrook of the First Maine arose made an address in which he expressed himself as favoring canteens. This statemen exploded with the force of a bombshell in the meeting. Those who voted against the resolu tion gave as their reason for doing so that it would be overriding the authority of their Colonels after they had granted permission for the canteens to be operated. The meeting then ourned without any action having been taken In regard to the resolution

h The association has not been affected (by the occurrence, but will continue in its work. following officers have been elected; C. S. Bullock of the First Illinois Cavalry, President; G. W. Bussey of the First South Carolina, Vice President, and E. S. Johnson of the Fiftysecond Iowa, Secretary. The association has Indorsed the work of the Christian Commission. and the workers have been made honorary members of the association. The Hon. Joshua Levering, the well-known temperance worker was present at the meeting and made an

For the first time in the history of the army of the United States, a distinct ambulance corps is being organized. England, Germany and France undertaking for our Government. The object of this organization is to facilitate the proper handling of the sick and wounded on the field, The corps will have attached to it skilled physicians, surgeons and stewards, which with a full supply of attendants will numher 150. It has twenty-five ambulances twenty-eight horses and seventy-six mules, with wagons and horses for moving their equipage. There is a driver and an orderly for each ambulance. When a battle is in progress the first station immediately in the rear of the battle | will leave the armory at acon to-morrow.

line is called the first and. At this station the wounded are brought in off the field, and if the prevent bleeding to death, such attention is given them, and they, with all other cases not so urgent, are burried on to the second station, called the dressing station. Here the wounds receive proper dressing and then the wounded are sent on back to the third station, which is the ambulance station. This is really a hospital on wheels, and here every attention that medical skill can arrange for under the circumstances is given the suffering ones. From this station they are then taken to the general hospital for proper nursing. The medical officers in charge of the organization

are men of wide and varied experience. Many recruits arrived at Camp Thomas yes terday and to-day. About 800 recruits arrived from Ohio and were assigned to the Second, Sixth, First Cavalry, and Fourth Ohio Regiment. One hundred and twenty of the recruits went directly through to Tamps. Over 1,000 recruits arrived from the States of Arkansas, Illinois, Wisconsin, Nebrasks, and Missouri today, and were transferred to the park at once. One hundred and eighty-five recruits arrived from Illinois Pennsylvania, and New York, forty-five of whom went on to Jacksonville. Ninety recruits arrived from New Hampshire and Massachusetts last night, and rolled in on an early train at Lytle this morning. This morning two carloads of recruits arrived from Illinois and New York, which will nearly com plete the regulation number of these regiments The Fourth Pennsylvania is now recruited to

its full strength and leads all other regiments which came to the park below the limit. The drum corps and bugle corps of the Fourth can not be beaten, and when the vigorous notes of assembly are sounded the men instantly change from semi-languid individuals into the brisk and clastic soldier. Major-Gen. Wilson and Brig. Gen. Sanger made an official call at the Fourth's headquarters to-day. The appearance of the camp came in for a compliment. Col. Richards of the Sixteenth Pennsylvania is a fine tactician, and every day there is an officers' school at his tent. The Colonel has a large blackboard, on which are drawings showing hattalien and regimental movements of troops. Under Col. Richards the officers find the school as pleasant as it is profitable.

Company A, First Vermont, and Company E Third Tennessee, acting under instructions from Gen. Grant, have established a picket line from Hall Tower to the western limits of the park. Other parts of the park are being picketed in a similar way. It is intended to make that some one whose canteen was not exhausted would give him a drink. He fainted and the from time to time. On Friday evening the two companies will be relieved by two other com panies.

Gen. Grant, Major Rogers, and other officer from division headquarters inspected this picket line to-day and tound it to be in a good cor dition.

Gen. Williston, in command of the thirteen batteries of artillery, is getting his men in fine shape. Nearly all the Winchester rapid-firing guns have been received, and the batteries are being put through artillery practice every day. Hattery A claims to hold the most records a crack marksmen.

Capt. Rockwell of the Ordnance Departmen and Superintendent McCarthy of the Quarter master's Department are both rushed with work. Both burn midnight oil. With their large corps of assistant clerks they find it impossible to keep ahead of the work. This extra work is caused by the heavy inpour of recruits that have to be fitted out with every equipment needed by military requirements. Another shipment of 800 rifles arrived from the Columbia Arsenal to-day. More horses and mules arrived yesterday and a big shipment of rations also reached the park at an early hour this morning. Major Hartauff, Chief Surgeon of the camp, reports the general health of the regiments as good. The soldiers are becoming acclimated and are becoming used to the water, which has been the chief cause of the various complaints existing among the men. Measles is the principal disease the physicians have to fight.

Major Thomas F. Lynch, First Battalion, Sixty ninth New York, and Lleut, John Devene, Company M, who were left here quite sick when the regiment departed for Tampa, he ve about recovered and expect to go to Tampa

To-day the new ovens of the regimental bakers began turning out the required number of 50, 000 loaves of bread a day. About 150 bakers are employed to do this work, besides a hun dred other employees. Chief Clerk Morgan of the Quartermaster's Department received a large shipment of new uniforms this morning. and his clerks are checking and issuing them as fast as possible. This department is piled from floor to roof with equipments of all kinds, and the complaint that the soldiers are wanting for proper equipments will soon be heard no more. Major Giassford, chief of the Signal Corps, and his staff were busy to day on the signal service codes. The signals sent up last night were very distinct and loudly cheered all over the camp. The Major is one of the most competent

The encampment has proved a Klondike to chattanooga. Including the payments to the Twelfth New York this week, it is estimated hat \$310,000 has been paid to volunteers at Chicks mauga since the army was mobilized here A local banker says that from \$100,000 to \$150,-000 of this sum has been spent in Chattanooga, The regular Government payday for many of the regiments is approaching, and some of the regiments have been mustered in for more than thirty days, and have not yet been paid. The pay roll of 40,000 men would bring

an enormous sum of money to this region and the business; men and citizens are as anxiously awaiting pay day as the men. Many Chattanoogans, however, are complaining about what they allege is an unwarranted advance of prices. Hucksters are charging nearly double for their vegetables, and if good housewives object they are told that the truck can be sold to the sol diers. Meat dealer, who do not sell a pound to the army are putting up prices on the plea that the increased consumption has necessitated an advance.

UNDER AN ARCH OF STEEL

Major Ward Took His Bride from Church Under the Brawn Swords of Officers.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 23.-Major George iray Ward, Chief Surgeon of the Twelfth New York Volunteers, and Mrs. Edith Clark of New York city were married here at the Second Presbyterian Church at noon to-day. Dr. Terry, the Chaplain of the Twelfth Regiment, performed the ceremony. The southern half of the church was set apart for citizens, while the northern half was reserved for army officers. Promptly at 12 o'clock the couple entered the door and marched to the altar. The Rev. Dr. Terry read the Episcopalian ritual and pronounced the couple man and wife. The church was filled with civilians and officers, more than 100 of the

latter being present. The bride was dressed in a handsome gown of pale green silk. In her hand she carried a bouquet of violets and American Beauty roses. At the conclusion of the ceremony all the officers arose, whipped out their awords, and as the bride and bridegroom approached the eastern aisle formed an arch of steel above them, each officer vowing protection to the bride ishers were Capt. W. T. Romaine, Capt. J. B. Haden, Lieut, Burr, and Lieut. F. L. V. Hoppin, all of the Twelfth New York Regiment. The ouple left immediately for the camp ground at

the park. Lucien Breckinridge Hound to Enlist

LEXINGTON, Ky., June 23.-Lucien Breckinridge, son of Joseph C. Breckinridge, is in Lexseeking culistment in the Fourth Kenhave such a corps in their armies, but it is a new | tucky Volunteers. Young Breckingidge was very much disappointed at not being allowed to go with Gen. Shafter's army, and declares he will reach the island yet if he has to swim.

Forwarding Men to the Fourteenth The third draft of recruits for the Fourteenth Regiment left the armory in Eighth avenue, Brooklyn, yesterday afteragon for Chickamauga. The recruits numbered fifty-four men, making 185 sont to the encampment within the last two days. Another detachment, of sixty-four men,

RED CROSS FUNDS POUR IN. FIFE BOXES OF SOAP AND TOWELS

SENT TO CHICKAMAUGA. on Greatly Needed at Jacksonville and Monor Wanted with Which to Supply It-Market Men Asked to Centribute Their Unsold

Stock for the Rellef of Soldiers' Families The Executive Committee of the Red Cross Society for the Maintenance of Trained Nurses met yesterday morning at the residence of Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, 451 Madison avenue. Besides Mrs. James Spever, who presided, there were present Mrs. E. L. Baylles, Mrs. W. L. Bull, Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, Mrs. G. F. Shrady, Jr. Mrs. W. L. Cowles, Mrs. Winthrop Cowdin, and

Mrs. C. B. Alexander,
The actual work of the society, it was announced, had commenced, as already fifteen surses, at present with Miss Barton, were receiving their support from the society. Of these fifteen, eight had been with Miss Barton in her work in Cubs, and were yellow fever immunes. The others have been taken from Southern hos pitals. Although the society was fully prepared to support the ten nurses who were expected to sail on the Red Cross, this will not be necessary, owing to the withdrawal of Mr. King's offer of his place at Jekyl Island. The society, however, has agreed to support 100 nurses at once if necessary, and a call for some is mementarily expected from Miss Barton.

The Red Cross authorities predict that over 400 nurses will be necessary for the work in Cuba and the South. In consequence of an appeal from Chicksmauga for boxes of towels and soap, which was read at the last meeting, a number of the members of the society collected these articles and five boxes were shipped yeserday to Camp Thomas,

The Treasurer of the society, Mrs. Baylies, reported a balance on hand of \$17,150.52. Those

who have subscribed since the last meeting of	on
June 16 are:	
Mrs. C. P. Huntington \$50	00
Mrs. Augustus Jay 1	00
	on
Mrs. J. Kennedy Tod	25
Mrs. O. B. Jenuings	20
Mrs. A. D. Russell 1	00
racy Dows 1	00
	25
	25
	10
	30
	45
	10
	25
	50
Brs. J. E. Alexandre 1	00
	25
	25
	10
Ers. W. A. Smith	5
itles Cora Randolph	.6
diss S. S. Martin	5
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Ira. R chard W. Hoe.	00
	00
	25
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	00
The Rev. William T. Holmes	5
The following monthly subscriptions has	

The following monthly subscriptions have een received: W. K. Vanderbilt. Mrs. Hicks Arnold Mrs. John Barland. Miss Bergh Brown.

The total thus far received in monthly subcriptions is \$1,987. The Ice Plant Auxiliary received a letter yes erday from Dr. Kent, the Red Cross field agent at Jacksonville, in which he said that a supply of ice was needed there immediately. It had been planned to have the ice plant recently purchased established on Jekyl Island within a few days, and the camp at Jacksonville was to have een supplied from there. As this has had to be abandoned, Dr. Kent was authorized yesterday to spend \$20 for ice daily, the expense to be borne by the auxiliary. As the expense already incurred in purchasing ice plants has been heavy, the auxiliary is rather in need of tunds to pursue its

work. Subscriptions should be sent to Miss Catherine S. Leverich, 30 East Statieth street. The Women's Patriotic Relief Association, at ts meeting at the Manhattan Hotel yesterday, decided upon a novel plan for assisting the families of soldiers at the front. It was resolved to send out an appeal asking all local vegetable men and marketmen to turn over to the society at the end of each day their unsold vegetables. be distributed to families in need. The treasurer of the society reported that \$675 had been eccived in contributions since the last meeting. \$550 through Mrs. G. A. Witherhee and Mrs. S. S. Blood and \$100 from J. Pierpent Morgan. John P. Townsend, President of the Bowery Savings Bank, was elected a member of the

Advisory Board. The Brooklyn auxiliary of the association ately sent out 1,000 pledges, and \$250 was raised as a result. An open meeting will be held by the auxiliary to-day at St. John's Chapel, Bedford avenue and Wilson street. A chorus of children will sing the latest patriotic songs, some of which have been composed by sailors at the front. One of the objects of the meeting is to remove from the children's minds the idea that the war is one of vengeance, as illustrated in the expression "Remember the

The supply depot of the Red Cross Relief Com nittee at 552 Broadway is fast filling up with bundles of clothing, books and other such articles. Fifty regulation army stretchers, contributed by the Ambulance Equipment Auxiliary, arrived yesterday from Philadelphia, and it is expected that three ambulances will be ready in a day or two. The work of loading the supplies on board the Red Cross will not begin intil Saturday, Mr. Wardwell said vesterday that the boat would probably be ready to sail or Monday. He also stated positively that Mr. King had had to withdraw his offer of his place on Jekyl Island as a hospital.

"It is unfortunate," said one of the member of the committee yesterday, "that Mr. King's patriotism met with such a rebuke from his fellow members. We are boping, however, that another similar offer will be made, as a such as Mr. King wished to provide is sadly

The following subscriptions were received yesterday at the office of the committee, 320

ı	Dionuway:	
	H. J. Hanssen. Mrs. Ellon L. Tenney, Treasurer W. C. T. U. of Deimar, N. Y.	4
1	James R. Steers Mrs. William Frederick Stafford	
ĺ	George Walton Green. Miss Grace Ives Washburn and Master William Ives Washburn, Jr., Greenwich, Conn.	
1	F. Spiegeiberg Bierman, Heldelberg & Co	1
	Edward M. Shepard	1
	Children of St. Luke's R. C. Parochial School.	3
	Two livers, Wis Isaac N. Seligman Mrs. L. Ellis	8
	Red Cross Auxiliary No. 5, collected by Mrs. Charles H. Baldwin and Mrs. Ludlow, New-	
	Mrs. Charles H. Baldwin, Newport, B. I	1

.\$1,241 The Soldiers and Sailors' Families' Protective Association has started a monthly subscriptio list as the result of a suggestion which a recent

contributor made in the rollowing letter: "Will you kindly let me know how the con tributions are coming in for the New York Soldiers and Sailors' Families' Protective Association? I should like to suggest that a good way of contributing is to get a certain number of people to give a specified amount monthly, so that the association may have a continuous fund. In movements of this kind it is generally customary for a man to contribute \$100 and then sit back in the traces and say that is all he Now if \$100 is all he can afford to give, it is a great deal better to give it in four monthly payments than it is to send it all at one time. I would like to make a certain contribution and to consider that it is to be paid monthly during the war.

The writer, who wished his name to be withheld, has subscribed \$1,000 a mosth as long as the war lasts.

They Brew \$18,745 Out of the Bank and Maven't Been Asked to Leave Canada MONTREAL, June 23.—There was a hearing to day on the capias taken out by Detective Kellert against Sefior Du Bosc and Lieut. Carransa, who had him arrested on a charge of stealing Lieut, Carranza's famous letter. First Curzon Dobell, one of the ledger keepers of the Bank of Montreal, testified that Du Bosc closed his account with the bank on June 6 last, receiving an accepted check for \$13,745. So far as the witness knew, the check was still outstanding. Señor Du Bosc was the next witness. He was

asked what had become of the check and whether it was still in his possession. These questions were objected to and the objections were sustained. The witness admitted that he withdrew the money from the bank so that it should not be attached. He acted upon the advice of counsel in doing this. The money was owned by the Government of Spain and he thought it was his duty to protect it. He had absolute control over it. Senor Du Bosc declared that he owed Kellert nothing, and that he never intended to leave the country to defraud any one. No proceedings of any kind had been taken to force him and Carranga to leave Canada. He had not been notified to go, nor had he been advised to do so by the Canadian, Spanish, or British Government.

Lieut, Carranza testified that he had at pres ent no intention of leaving Canada, though he might do so whenever he felt inclined, as there was nothing to keep him here. He was in Montreal merely for enjoyment, and when he left he might go to any other part of Canada or out of it, as he pleased. He had no intention of going to British Columbia. He had received no instructions or advice from any Government to eave Canada. Carranza refused to answer the question whether he knew Admiral Camara, stating that the question had no bearing on the case, but after some discussion between counse he finally admitted that he did know him.

PENNSYLVANIA'S NEW TROOPS. Arrangements to Swear In Same of the Com

panies Under the Second Call. HARRISBURG, Pa., June 23.-Adjt.-Gen. Stew art met Capt, Edward W. Howe of the United States Army to-day, and made final arrange ments regarding the mustering in of the additional companies which are required to make up Pennsylvania's quota, Capt, Howe will go to Rending to-morrow to muster ex-Senator Henry D. Green's company, which Cadet Baer of West Point has been helping to lick into shape. From there he will go to Lancaster where another ompany will be mustered in under command of Thomas H. Whitson. He will then go to Columbia, where a company has been organized by Capt. Martin H. Smith, an old National Guard officer. He will then come to Harrisburg to take into the service the company organized by Col. Howard L. Calder of Major-Gen. Snowden's

It is understood that the Reading company will be attached to the Ninth Regiment and the other three to the Fourth Regiment. The Adjutant-General will announce the location of the remaining fourteen companies to-morrow Lieut.-Col. Barnett has notified the military authorities here that he has sufficient recruits to fill up the quota of the Tenth Regiment, and that he will leave for San Francisco on Monday, All the men will be uniformed before they start West, equipments having been shipped to Washington, Pa. They will receive their arms at San

DIED IN CAMP ALGER.

Chaptain Keiffer of the Eighth Ohio Expires

from Paralysis of the Heart. CAMP ALGER, Va., June 23,-Chaplain Isaa N. Kelffer of the Eighth Ohio died at 3 o'clock this morning of paralysis of the heart. Last Saturday he returned from a visit to his home in Ohio and reported to the hospital as feeling unwell. Yesterday he wrote several letters home, and upon retiring asked that the hospital steward, detailed as an attendant, be removed, as it was not necessary for any one to remain with him. The steward stayed, however, and at about 3 o'clock this morning was aroused by the chaplain gasping for breath. He hurriedly nmoned the doctors, who saw immediately that it would be impossible to save him. Chaplain Kieffer, who was in his fifty-fifth year, served as a bugler in the 120th Ohio Regiment during the civil war and later as a private in the 163th Regiment. He was born and raised in Wooster, O., and had always made it his home. The remains were taken to Dunn Loring for transportation to Ohio.

A second death occurred in camp this morning. Private Charles Sweeden, Company M. Division hospital. His remains will be taken to his home in West Franklin, Ind.

MORE TROOPS FOR GEN. SHAFTER Gen. Garretson's Brigade Ordered to Be Ready

CAMP ALGER, Va., June 23.-The Second Brigade, First Division, commanded by Brig, Gen. Garretson, comprising the Sixth Illinois, Eighth Ohio and Sixth Massachusetts, received orders this afternoon to be ready to move as soon as the Quartermaster's Department notifies them that their transportation has been arranged. They are to join Gen. Shafter at Santiago. They will not be able to move before the first of next week, as it will be impossible to arrange for their transportation before that time. Shelter ents will be carried, and everything that is not absolutely necessary will be left behind. The news thrilled the men of the three regiments. They danced around the camp, singing and

With one exception, its hospital detail the Sixty-fifth New York is recruited to its war strength. The last sixteen recruits arrived this afternoon and were immediately assigned to their companies.

REPORTS OF BATTLES.

Commanders of Regiments and Separate Battalions Are Required to Forward Them. WASHINGTON, June 23.—This order in regard to the reports of battles and engagements has

been issued by the War Department: 1. After every battle or engagement with the enemy, written reports thereof will be made by ommanders of regiments, separate battalions or squadrons, companies or detachments, and by all commanders of a higher grade, each in what concerns his own command, which reports will be forwarded, through the proper channel, to the Adjutant-General of the army.

2. Commanding officers of all detached or independent batteries, troops or companies, in the field, will forward a monthly company return direct to the Adjutant-General of the 3. In order that the War Department may be

in possession of the latest information respect ing the army, all returns, muster rolls, &c., will be promptly forwarded when due.

WASHINGTON, June 23.-The President to-day sent the following nominations to the Senate: Regular Army, Subsistence Department-Capt. ames Nicholas Allison, Commissary of Subsistence to be Commissary of Subsistence with rank of Major First Lieut, Robert Lee Bullard, to be Commissary of ibsistence with rank of Captain.

Volunteer Army-To be Assistant Quartermaster with rank of Capitaln, Raymond Sulzer of New Jer-sey; to be Commissary of Subsistence with rank of Captain, William F. Dann of Wyoming. Navy-Ensigns George N. Hayward and Samuel S obisons to be Lieutenants, junior grade.

Colors Presented to the Twenty-Second MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., June 23 .- Stands of national and State colors were presented to Col. Franklin Bartlett and the Twenty-second Regiment to-day by the Sons of the Revolution of New York. The exercises took place at the regimental headquarters at Fort Slocum. The society and its guests, about 1,000 in all, arrived on the steamer Sam Sloan about 2 o'clock, and Mr. Wetmore, as its representative, made the presentation speech. The colors were accepted by Col. Bartlett, after which the post band gave

DU BOSC AND CARRANSA TESTIFF. OCEAN LINES OFFER SHIPS.

BIG ATLANTIC PREIGHTERS AT THE GOVERNMENT'S SERVICE. Star, Hamburg-American, North Ge man Lloyd and Anchor Lines Wave Boats Beady — Bifficulty About Getting Crown to Man Them for Transport Ships. Having heard that the United States Gov-

rnment is greatly in need of ships for trans ports, four of the big transatlantic steamship upanies have offered ships to the Government for charter. The companies are the White Star line, the Hamburg-American Packet Company, the North German Lloyd, and the the regular line of postal communication Anchor line. The terms upon which the vessels will be in working order within a few have been offered are practically the Government's own terms. The only obstacle in the way of accepting the offers appears to be the difficulty of getting crews to man the ships. Several days ago representatives of two of the lines called upon representatives of the Government in this city to inquire if it were true that ships, capable of transporting horses and mules, as well as men, were wanted. They said that they were prepared to offer several freight steamers of their lines for this service, but they stipulated that the charter price should not be made public, because the publication might in

fure their general business. According to information furnished to a SU reporter yesterday afternoon, the following vessels were offered: The Pennsylvania, the Scotia, the Sardinia, the Italia, the Bohemia, the Palatia, Hamburg-American freighters; "the Furst Bismarck, the Trave, and other passen ger ships of the same line; the Adriatic and others of the White Star line, the City of Rome of the Anchor line, and several North German Lloyd vessels. Subsequent to the offer of these vessels, the offer of the Fürst Bismarck was withdrawn, and will not be renewed.

After the offer was made it was found that under the terms upon which the Governmen charters vessels the owners must furnish the provisions and crews. The owners of some of the vessels offered found that they could not agre to these terms, because the crews would no agree to ship in vessels that were to be used as transports. Now the companies have hit upon the idea of opening and maintaining at their own expense a sort of recruiting office where any sailorman who wants to can sign to ship as a member of the crew of some one of the vessels. This plan was made known to the Washington authorities. For officers it was suggested that there were enough retired officers of the navy who could be called into active service to furnish the necessary quota for each skip, if officers could be found in no other way A reporter of THE SUN was informed yesterday that this plan is now under advisement at Washington. One great advantage of being able to make use of the ships mentioned is that they would require little or no refitting and that it would take less of them to do the work required. The Pennsylvania, for instance, is a hip of \$901 tons, and the Palatia is about as large. All of the freight ships offered were lesigned to carry some live stock.

Major Summerhayes, who has charge of securing and refitting ships for transports, has recommended for charter the Colorado of the Wilson line and the British tramp Chicago. He also made a report on the ocean-going tug Ocean King, ewned by Loeis Luckenbach.

The army hospital ship Relief went into dry dock at the foot of Pike street yesterday. It is now stated that this ship will positively sail from New York not later than next Thursday, According to the present plan, the Relief will take station off Santiago, relieving the navy ospital ship Solace, which, in turn, will take the place of the Relief. Each one of these vessels will accommodate about 700 patients. When one shiptis full, it will sail for the United States land its patients at one of the general army hospitals that have been established, and then return to its station.

CALL TO PATRIOTIC NEGROES, Mass Meeting in Brooklyn to Arouse Inter-

There was a large gathering of Afro-Americans in the Bridge Street African Methodist Episcopal Church in Brooklyn last night. It was called in the interest of the First Colored Regiment, New York Volunteers. The Rev. Dr. W. D. Cook, who presided, said it was not a new thing for negroes to be interested in the salvation of the country, The negro had never shown that he was a coward. "The bullet fired from a gun in the hands of a negro," he said, "will be as deadly as if fired by

a white man. Chaplain Carl Schwartz of the First Regiment, now stationed at Fort Hamilton, said be had been interested in the movement to enlist a colored regiment ever since the Maine was plown that a negro was worth two white men in a hot climate like Cuba

The Rev. W. R. Lawton said the present was gave the negro an opportunity of showing his patriotism, and that a negro should go to the front with the determination to make, first, a second for his country, and then a record for himself.

"The men who say that they will not go to war because there are certain things in the South which have not been righted as yet," said Mr. Lawton, "are not patriotic. At a recent meeting a man said, 'I wish to God that the arms of this country meet with defeat unless the colored people are allowed to go to war. That man did not represent the colored people. They ought to hang him," yelled a man in the audience

"He wasn't a patriotic negro," said Mr. Lawton. "We can do more for the colored race by going to war than has been done for our race since the days of reconstruction."

Addresses were also made by the Rev. G. F. Miller, C. D. Carr, and the Rev. Dr. W. A Alexander. It was announced that the First Colored Regi ment had already enlisted 950 men in New

York, and that fifty-seven had been enlisted in Brooklyn up to 10 o'clock last night. A recruiting station has been opened at 315 Bridge street.

PLENTY OF RECRUITS FOR THE 69TH line-Touths of the 169th Rendy to Voluntoer Forty More Men Sent to the Twelfth,

The 169th Regiment was assembled in the frillroom of the armory last night, and Major McCarthy, the commander, informed the me that there was a chance for 301 men to go to the front, as the Sixty-ninth, which is in camp at Tampa, wants that number of recruits. He asked how many would go. There was a shout of · 'I's" that seemed to indicate that

nine-tenths of the 700 wanted to go. The Major explained that the surgeon was waiting in his room to examine recruits, and there followed an immediate rush for that room Lieut. Revelle, who came on from Tampa to recruit the men, said last night that he expected to get the required number inside of three days. One hundred and fifty-eight recruits for the Twelfth have been accepted and sent to Chicka-

afternoon in charge of a Corporal. Enough more recruits were sent away yester day by Lieut-Col. Thurston to fill up the regulation limit of B, E and I, the three companies of the Twenty-second Regiment that are stationed at Fort Slocum.

mauga. A detachment of forty left yesterday

Two of President McKinley's Rephews Entist in the Eighth Ohlo.

WASHINGTON, June 23. - James De Walt Barber and James Fuller McKinley, nephews of President McKinley, were to-day mustered into the volunteer army as privates in the Eighth Obio Volunteer Infantry at Camp Alger. They have been guests at the White House, have been guests at the White House. The President had been urged by their friends to appoint them Second Lieutenants, and, as he had several hundred of these places to fill, it would have been an easy matter. He declined, however, to exercise his prerogative in favor of his relatives, and, as the young men were willing to enlist, he preferred that that course be followed. They applied for enlistment, passed the necessary examinations, and were to-day accepted and mustered in.

Hood's pect of life by their prompt, healthful action upon the Pills stomach, kidneys, and bowsis. They actually make life worth living. 25c.

CUBAN POSTAL SERVICE.

Expect Clerks from the New York and Other WASHINGTON, June 23.-First Assistant Postnaster-General Heath has telegraphed to the Postmasters of New York, Philadelphia, Boston, hicago, Pittsburg and Baltimore requesting the assignment of one of the most competent expected that by this time Special Agent

clerks in each of these offices for service in Cubs to handle the mail for the army of invasion. I Brewer, who is in charge of the Cuban mail service, and who accompanied the Shafter expedition, has completed his arrangements for the handling of the Cuban mails, and that days. The clerks who will be sent to Cuba will be experts, especially selected for this duty. The department believes that with the corps of clerks of this kind much better results will b obtained with a few clerks than with a large number of untrained men. It is expected that before the end of the week a fast mail steamer will be put in service between Key West and the camp near Santiago. The large quantity of mail already accumulated at Key West and New York will be forwarded by the first steamer.

The Post Office Department will attempt to arrange with the War Department for the de spatch of mails on all vessels sailing for Cuba. If possible, whenever a Government boat leaves Key West, the accumulated mail matter will be sent by it. Mail should be addressed to sol diers in Cuba very carefully. The address should contain the full name, rank, company and regiment of the addressee, and be directed to Military Station No. 1, New York Post Office, Cuba, There will be other post offices established in Cuba as the army advances and other points are occupied. Orders can be sent to soldiers payable at these offices, or can be purchased by the soldiers there for transmission

HURRICANE SIGNAL STATIONS.

the Government to Establish Thom at Variou

Points in the West Indies. WASHINGTON, June 23 .- An officer of the Weather Bureau went to New York to-night to harter a steamer to assist the Government in establishing weather signal stations at points in the West Indies and South America, While this is in a sense a war measure and was urged by the Navy Department, so that provision could be made for warning American war wescels in West Indian waters of the approach of hurricanes, it has been in contemplation for some time. In the General Deficiency bill, reported to the Appropriations Committee of the Senate by a sub-committee to-day, is an item of \$75,000 for establishing the system. The Agricultural Department, which has charge of the Weather areau, is anxious to have the bill go through in time to charter and stock a steamer before July 1. A United States weather signal station has already been established at Merida, Yucatan, and the plan arranged provides for a num ber of others along the usual route of hurri-

The places at which the observers will be miaoned are Colon, Barranquilla, Curaçoa, Trinidad, Barbadoes, St. Thomas and Mole St. Nicolas. These stations are to be permanent, The State Department has arranged with the Governments of the countries in which they are to he established to allow the United States to erect the necessary buildings and maintain obervers. After Porto Rico has been taken the station at St. Thomas will be transferred to an Juan, seven miles distant. Mole St. Nico as will be the headquarters of the system, at which the general forecasts will be made up by experienced observers. Every place selected is cable station.

IN MEMORY OF DR. GIRBS. Trinity Church Filled at the Funeral Service Testerday.

Twenty marines from the navy yard, under ommand of Lieut, Baxter, and twenty-five nen of the Second Battalion of the naval reerves from the New Hampshire, under command of Lieut, Braine, occupied the front pews at the service held in Trinity Church at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon in memory of Dr. John Blair Gibbs of this city, who was killed in the midnight attack upon Camp McCalla at nantanamo Bay, Cuba, on June 12. Dr libbs was the first commissioned officer of the nited States to lose his life in battle on Cuban oil. His body now lies buried at Camp Mealla. The service was under the direction of is friends of the University Club of this city: Rutgers College, of which he was an alumnus; the Bellevue Hospital Alumni Association, the Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity and other socielies to which he belonged.

Rear Admiral Erben, Commodore Gillis, Commander Wells L. Field, Lieutenant-Commander Chittering. Licutenant-Commander Tremaine, Paymaster Stevenson, all of the navy, and Lientenant-Commander Kent of the nava militia were among the naval men present. There was a very large delegation of Univer sity Club members. Among the relatives were Alfred Gibbs of the Pennsylvania Ballroad, George Gibbs of the Westinghouse Company of Philadelphia, and Major Theodore Glbbs. church was full. The funeral service was that of the Protestant Episcopal Church with the exception of the committal. The Rev Dr. Vibbert officiated. The choir of Trinity Church, forty-five men and boys, sang as the processional "Onward, Christian Soldier," Spohr's burial anthem, and as the recessions Spohr's burial anthem, and as the recessional, "The Son of God Goes Forth to War." Victor Haier, the organist, played, after the lesson, Chopin's Funeral March, and at the close of the service "The Star-Spangled Banner," during which the marines and sailors filed down the aisle and left the church in advance of the rest of the, congregation. The only decoration was a large American flag draped from the pulpit.

IN LIEU OF PENSIONS IN THIS WAR Proposition to Issue Life and Accident

Policies to Soldiers and Sallers WASHINGTON, June 23 .- Representative Gardser of New Jersey has introduced a bill which, if enacted into law, will do away with pensions rom the present war. He proposes to issue life and accident insurance policies to members o the army and naval forces of the United States, the amount to be paid on loss of life or injury in the service to be in lieu of all claims for pensions by soldiers or sailors or their represe ives. The bill provides that a board of five asurance commissioners, appointed by th President to formulate rules and regulations for the issuance of the policies, shall report to Con gress the amount of insurance to be allowed together with an estimate of the appropriations

Gen. Carroll Inspects New York Regiments TAMPA, Fla., June 23. - Inspector-General loward Carroll of New York State arrived in Tampa this morning and devoted the entire day an inspection of the Sixty-ninth Regiment, He found the camp in splendid condition. To norrow he will visit the Second New York and make a thorough inspection of its camp en are prepared for his visit and, like the Sixty-ninth, will make a good showing. work of paying off the regiments, which was begun yesterday by Assistant Paymaster-General McArthur, progresses slowly and will occupy the entire week.

More Wisdom from the London Globe.

Special Cable Despatch to Tue Sus. LONDON, June 23 .- The Globe, one of the few pro-Spanish papers in England, publishes an article to-day approving the opposition of former President Cleveland to American expansion. The Globe takes this position upon the ground that the traditions of Washington diplomacy show that the United States Government is incapable of studying the interests and prejudices of other powers.

Swin and Taibot Ready to Sail.

NEWPORT, R. I., June 23.-The torpedo boats win and Talbot came off the marine railway ate this afternoon and returned to the torpedo station to prepare for their trip to Key West and it is now planned for them to sail at 4 o'clock in the morning. It is understood that these boats are to be assigned to different harbors on the Cuban coast.

Price-Drop. A choice at \$12.00,

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from some of our best selling Men's

Summer Suits,

(incomplete in sizes,)

that were \$18. \$16 & \$15. This early season sale offers

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PINGREE BROUGHT POTATOES. He Visits His Seldier Boys at Tampa and Fetches Along His Comforts

TAMPA, Fla., June 23 .- Gov. Pingree of Michigan arrived in Tampa this morning and will remain here two days visiting the troops from his State now at De Soto Camp. The Governor was accompanied by Inspector-General Case and the purpose of their visit is to bid farewell to the troops. They brought with them three cars of potatoes as a present to the troops. The visit of the Governor and Inspector-General is the occasion of a great celebration in the camp of the Thirty-second Regiment as well as in the city. Col. McGurrin and Capt. J. E. Dupont of the regiment met the visitors twenty miles north of Tampa and escorted them to the city. At the railway station the entire Thirty-scoond Regiment was drawn up in line along the street leading to the hotel. The party was met by the Mayor and Council of the city. This afternoon the Governor and Inspector-General visited the camp of the regiment and reviewed the troops at a parade given in the Governor's honor. To-night the visitors and officers of the regiment were entertained by the Mayor at

a dinner. A committee of the Illinois Army and Navy League arrived this morning and went at once to Picnic Island, where the First Illinois Regiment is encamped. The committee came to Tampa from Jacksonville, where it spent a uple of days with the Illinois regiments encamped there. The visit to the First Illinois is to ascertain the needs of the regiment. The committee made a thorough inspection of the camp, and was agreeably surprised to find the regiment in so desirable a place and the men enjoying such excellent

health. Recruits are pouring in from all parts of the country for the regiments, both volunteers and regulars. Every train brings a detachment, and the required number of 106 men to each company will be secured by all the regiments within ten days.

DESERTED THEIR WIFES TO ENLIST. Two Breeklyn Men Who Are with the Fourteenth Regiment at Chickamauge

Mrs. Clarence Winens of 207 Himrod street and Mrs. Patrick Corcoran of 232 Van Brunk street visited the Eighth avenue armory in Brooklyn vesterday and informed Lieut Mo-Namara that their husbands had abandoned Namara that their husbands had abandoned them to enlist in the Fourteenth Regiment and were now at Chickamauga. Mrs. Winens has three children and Mrs. Corcoran four. Lieut. McNamara said he would communicate with their Captains and see if the money coming to the two men could not be sent to their wives. "We have no use for such men in the Fourteenth," said Lieut. McNamara, "but now that we have got them we will do the best we can for those whom they have deserted."

The application of Civil Engineer White for an adjournment unt!! July 6 of his trial for alleged neglect of duty in the construction of dry dock No. 3 has been granted by Secretary Long. The torpedo boat McKee, in c Lieut. Kasper, arrived at the yard from Newport on Wednesday, and took on a fresh supply of coal yesterday, preparatory to her trip to Key West. She will sail by way of the outside

The auxiliary yacht Aileen arrived at the yard yesterday for coal and supplies. The yacht Enquirer, Lieut, William H. Stayton in command, with a crew of Brooklyn naval reserves, was put in commission yesterday.

She will soon be sent to join the North Atlantic

patrol fleet. The smokestacks of the renovated cruiser Chicago have been placed in position. The Brooklyn Navy Yard authorities have become considerably alarmed over the prevalence of measles among the marines. The first case occurred about a month ago, and since then thirty have been under treatment at the Naval Hospital. There has been no fatal case.

Utica Recruits for the First Regiment.

The work of recruiting the five companies of the First Regiment New York Volunteers, at Forb Hamilton, to their full strength is proceeding satisfactorily. Yesterday twenty-five recruits from Utica arrived in camp, and they were given over to Company E.



This matchless "Prescription" will give her exactly the kind of healthy vitality she needs and at the time she needs it most. It will give elastic endurance to the entire delicate organism involved in motherhood. It will make the coming of haby absolutly free from danger and nearly

baby absolutly free from using, and free from pain.

It will insure the baby's start in life by imparting, through its influence upon the mother, that sturdy infantile vigor which gladdens a mother's heart. It is the only medicine which can be implicitly relied more for this purpose; and the only remgladdens a more medicine which can be implicitly reneu upon for this purpose; and the only remedy expressly designed by an educated, experienced physician to give perfect health and strength to the delicate, special organization.

Mr. Joseph Ramsey, of Williams, Colleton Co., 6. C., writes: "I have been using your medicines for some time and am happy to say that they have done all that you claim for them. I think they have no equal in the work. I would advise all women while in a delicate state to use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It shortens the time of birth and makes the labor easier. My wife is the mother of five children and she suffered almost death in the birth of them until this last one: the time of birth was short, and labor easy, from the use of Dr. Pierce's Pavorite Prescription."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Advanced the control of the control o

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Ad-Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser used to sell for \$1.50, now it is free. It tells all about the home-treatment of ordinary diseases. Several chapters are devoted to the diseases of women. For a paper-covered copy send 2: one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing only, to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.: Cloth binding, 31 stamps. "Favorite Prescription" can be obtained in any good medicine sters. stamps. "Favorite Prescription chotained in any good medicine stere,